Flight Testing Tomorrow's Complex Systems

The advent of safety domains and why they help

Ben Luther



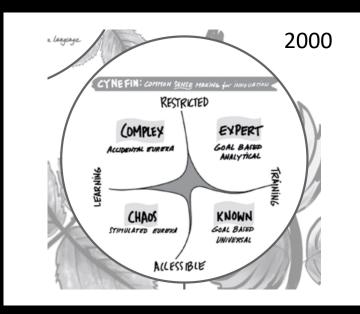
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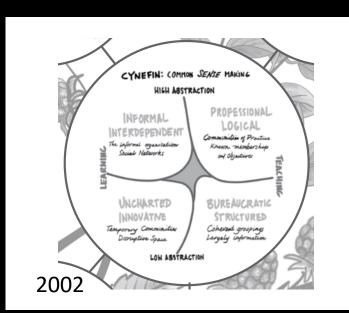


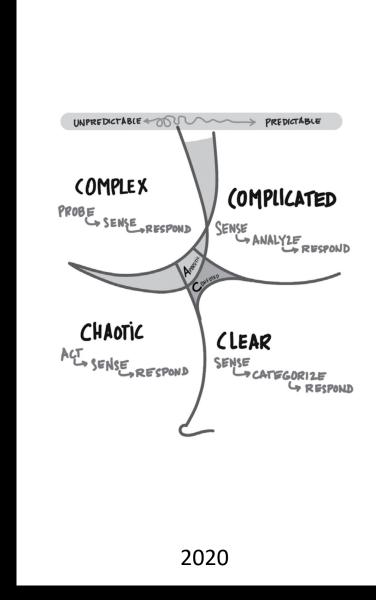


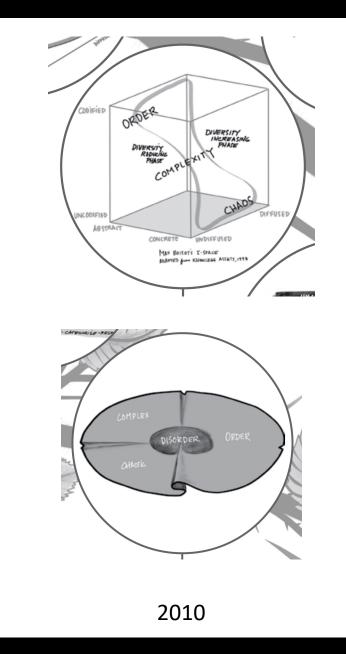
ROE





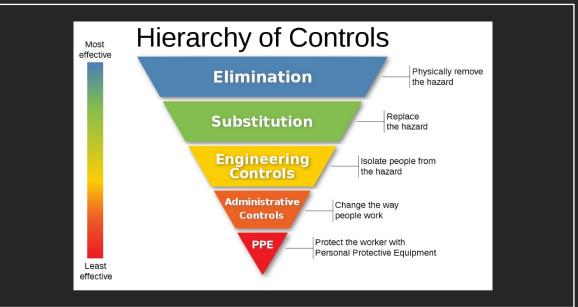


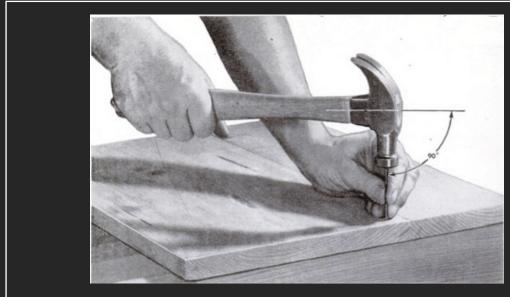


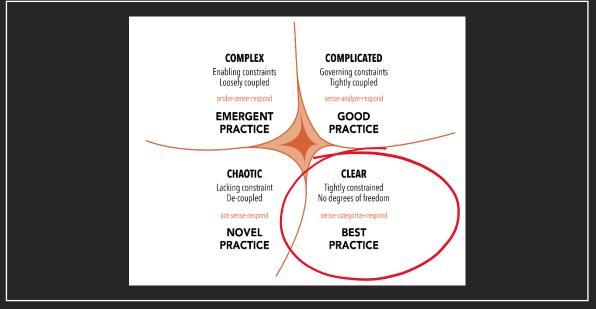


Snowden, D. et. al. (2021) Cynefin: Weaving sense-making into the fabric of our world. Cognitive Edge. Singapore.



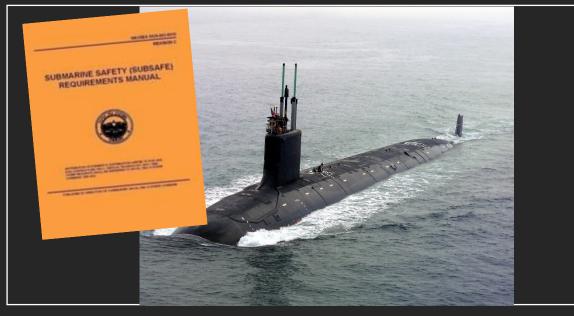




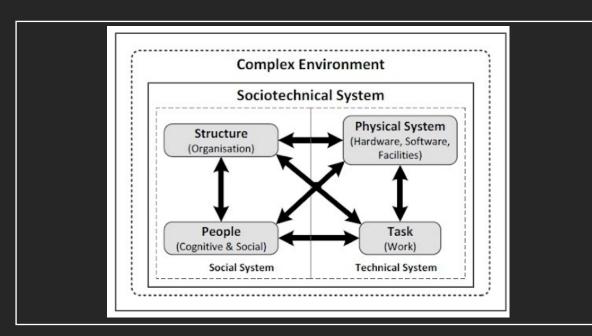


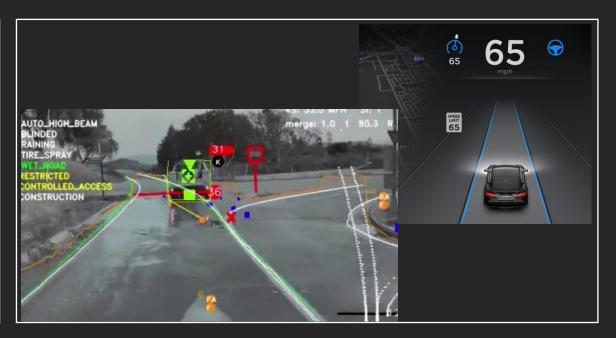


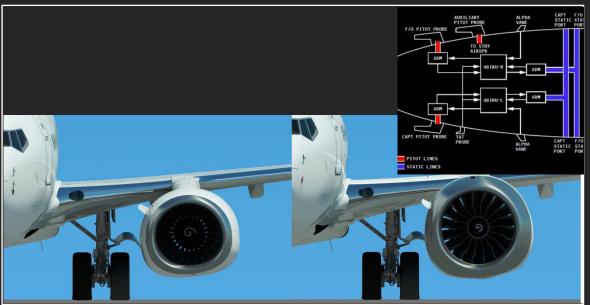


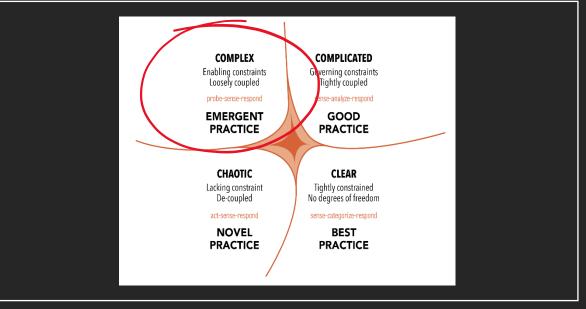


COMPLEX COMPLICATED Governing constraints Tightly coupled Enabling constraints Loosely coupled probe-sense-respond sense-analyze-respond **EMERGENT** GOOD PRACTICE PRACTICE CHAOTIC CLEAR Lacking constraint De-coupled Tightly constrained No degrees of freedom act-sense-respond sense-categorize-respond NOVEL **BEST** PRACTICE PRACTICE

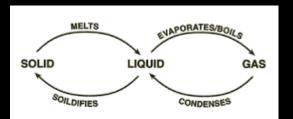








State changes







Crisis leadership

Stability

Unique occurrences

COMPLEX

Enabling constraints Loosely coupled

probe-sense-respond

EMERGENT PRACTICE

Repetitive outcomes

COMPLICATED

Governing constraints
Tightly coupled

sense-analyze-respond

GOOD PRACTICE

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CHAOTIC

Lacking constraint De-coupled

act-sense-respond

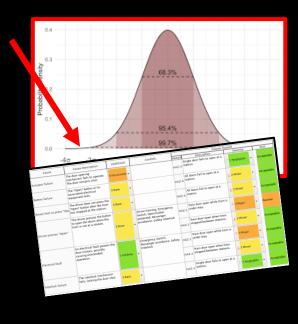
NOVEL PRACTICE

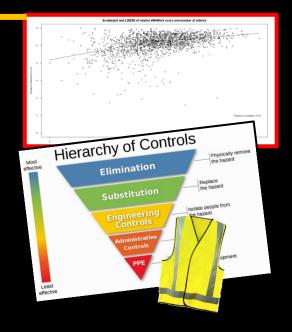
CLEAR

Tightly constrained No degrees of freedom

sense-categorize-respond

BEST PRACTICE

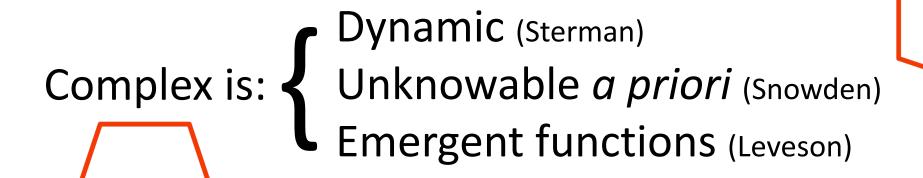






Break to Complexity

Complicated ≠ Complex





Stability

Unique occurrences

COMPLEX

Enabling constraints Loosely coupled

probe-sense-respond

EMERGENT PRACTICE

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CHAOTICLacking constraint
De-coupled

act-sense-respond

NOVEL PRACTICE

Repetitive outcomes

COMPLICATED

Governing constraints Tightly coupled

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GOOD PRACTICE

CLEAR

Tightly constrained No degrees of freedom

sense-categorize-respond

BEST PRACTICE

Radical Uncertainty, Kay & King (2020)

Impact on risk assessment

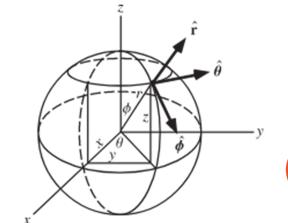
Probability is unknowable

Physics-envy

Universe of potential outcomes is unknown

Statistical basis is moot

- can't use a risk register

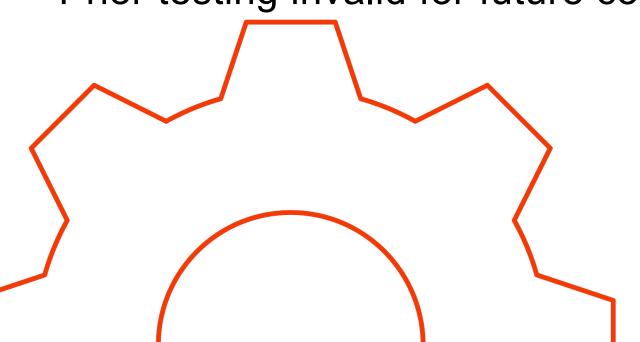


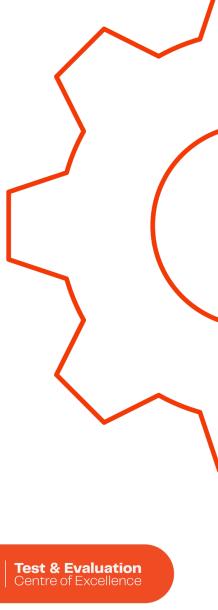


Impact on test point matrix

Massive (unachievable) number of test points

- Emergent behaviour what to test?
- Unknowable what baseline performance?
- Prior testing invalid for future configuration







Effective against complicated systems.

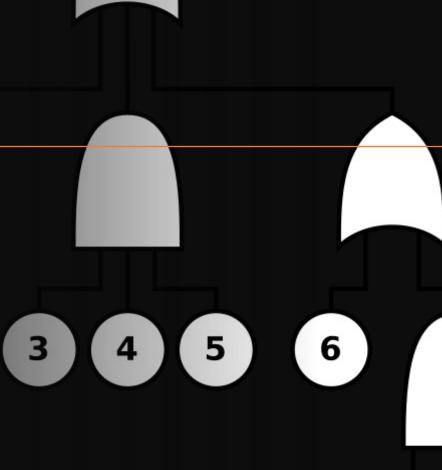
But isn't enough.

Must-have before addressing complexity

Tools that work

System Safety





Complex

Enabling constraints
Loosely coupled
probe-sense-respond
Emergent Practice

Complicated

Governing constraints
Tightly coupled
sense-analyse-respond
Good Practice

Tools that work

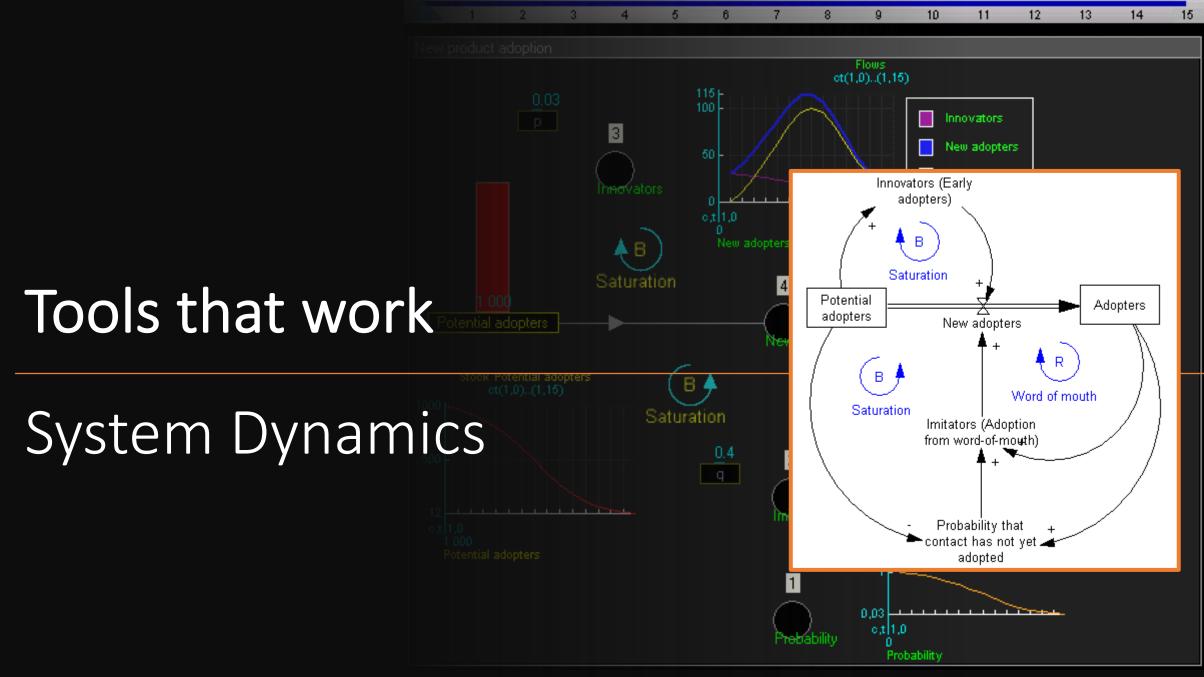
Cynefin

Chaotic

Lacking constraint
De-coupled
act-sense-respond
Novel Practice

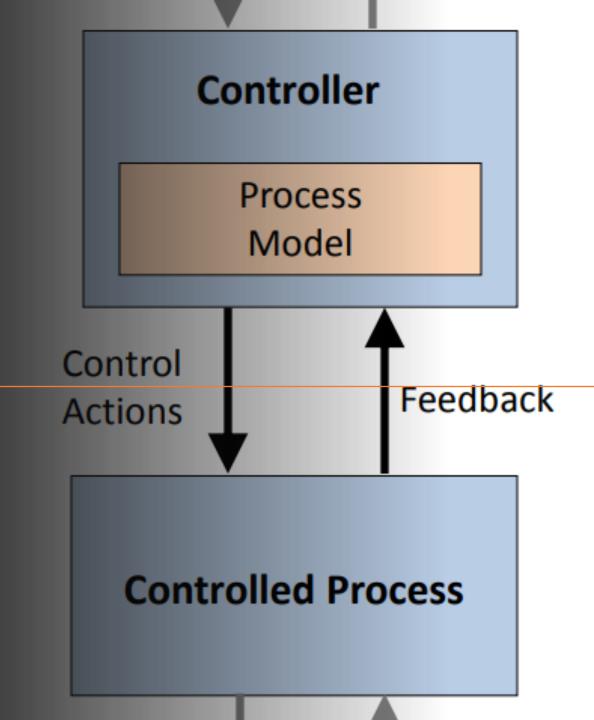
Obvious

Tightly constrained
No degrees of freedom
sense-categorise-respond
Best Practice



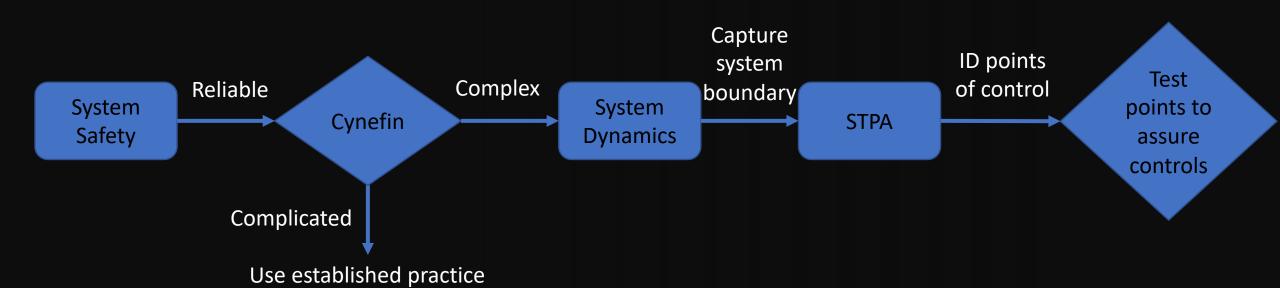
Tools that work

STPA





Test point matrix design



Conclusion

Complicated and Complex are different

- Extant practice for complicated systems
- Compound approach to complexity

Risk

Don't use statistical approaches with complexity

Test

- Assure points of control
- Accept variable performance





ROE





Discussion

Research Survey





